tons, each containing 200 tablets, of Bush Kelp, which products were held for sale in the District of Columbia by David V. Bush, together with approximately 150 accompanying books entitled "What To Eat."

LABEL, IN PART: (Cal-O-Stace) "Each tablet contains: Dicalcium Phosphate, Calcium Carbonate and Malt Diastase * * * Six tablets per day supplies 65% of the adult minimum daily requirement for Calcium, and 19% of this requirement for Phosporus"; (All-In-One-Broth) "Ingredients: Bush All-In-One Broth Carrot Powder; White Celery Powder; Whole Barley; Onion Powder; Pimiento Powder; Tomato Powder; Salt; Orange Powder; Irish Moss Powder; Okra Powder; Alfalfa Dust; Chili Powder; Watercress. Parsley Powder; Celery Seed; Garlic Powder; Vegetable Protein; Sodium Glutemate Derivative"; (Bush Kelp) "Bush Kelp Tablets, compressed intotablet form for your convenience, are pure, carefully dehydrated Pacific Ocean Kelp, or marine vegetation."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements in the accompanying books were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the articles, singly or in combination, would be effective for the reduction of weight, for internal cleansing, for body building, and for taking, down the waistline to normal; that they would be effective in preventing many serious conditions of a chronic nature which are due to a deficiency of calcium and phosphorus in the body; that they would be effective for nourishing skin, teeth, bones, lung tissue, nerves, fingernails, and toenails; that they would be effective to give strength and vitality to resist disease; that they would be effective to repair the bodies of adults and children and to overcome run-down conditions resulting from improper food intake; and that they would supply an important proportion of the body's need for phosphorus. The articles, singly or in combination, would not be effective for those purposes.

They were also alleged to be misbranded under the provisions of the law applicable to foods, as reported in notices of judgment on foods.

Disposition: February 14, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the products were ordered destroyed.

1727. Misbranding of Pa-Po-Ya. U. S. v. 109 Bottles of Pa-Po-Ya. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered for the use of St. Elizabeth's Hospital. (F. D. C. No. 18017. Sample No. 2940-H.)

LIBEL FILED: October 18, 1945, District of Columbia.

Product: 57 1-pint bottles, 44 1-quart bottles, and 8 1-gallon bottles of Pa-Po-Ya, held for sale in the District of Columbia in the possession of the Citrus Juice Co., Washington, D. C. Examination showed that the product was a syrup with a burning taste, and that it possessed no protein digestive properties.

LABEL, IN PART: "Pa-Po-Ya * * * A concentrate syrup (Tropical Laboratory Process) made from the Tropical Melon, Papaya, including skin, pulp and seed; sugars, inverted with fruit acid—added, honey, fruit and vegetable flavors * * * The Tropical Tree-Melon Papaya. So rich in Natural Vitamins A-B-C-G and ten minerals plus a natural aid to digestion (Pa-pain)."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements on the label were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the article would be effective for aiding digestion, giving health, curing, and vitalizing; that it would be effective in treating stomach disorders, sore throat, and eczema; that it would be effective in combating acidosis; that it would be effective for indigestion, gastric disorders, disorders of children, and many other ailments; that it possessed the power of digesting protein; and that it would aid in avoiding "morning after disaster." The article would not be effective for such purposes.

It was also alleged to be misbranded under the provisions of the law appli-

cable to foods, as reported in notices of judgment on foods.

Disposition: January 28, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to a Government institution in the District of Columbia.